



Beginning in 2019, under the guidance and funding provided by the United States Geological Survey - Great Lakes Geological Mapping Coalition (award G20AC00418), the New York State Museum - Geological Survey began a statewide effort to conduct geologic mapping of bedrock elevations throughout New York. Tioga County, of the Southern Tier region of New York, lies entirely in the Appalachian Plateau physiographic province. The county is bounded by Broome, Chemung, Cortland, Schuyler and Tompkins Counties in New York and Bradford and Susquehanna Counties in Pennsylvania. Surficial and subsurface bedrock point data and maps were compiled from publicly available sources, vetted, and organized into a comprehensive geospatial database. A technical workflow was developed to categorize the overall geology and differentiate between the underlying bedrock and overlying unconsolidated sediments. The resulting bedrock elevation map provides a detailed representation of bedrock topography across Tioga County. This map is useful for various applications, including geological studies, engineering and construction, natural resource management (such as water or mineral resources), and environmental studies.

A total of 1,938 bedrock control points were used to delineate bedrock topography in Tioga County. These points consisted of 1,738 water wells, 166 field sampling locations, 29 engineering boreholes, and five waterfall locations. These data were compiled from a variety of public sources and imported into ESRI's ArcMap 10.8 & ArcGIS Pro 3.2.2 software platform. Ground surface elevations for all control points were extracted from a compilation of three separate digital elevation models (DEM) which were resampled to match a 1-meter LIDAR DEM cell size. Bedrock elevations were calculated at each location by subtracting the depth-to-bedrock from the ground surface elevation. 50-foot bedrock elevation contours were auto-generated and

Data Point

- Data Point



50ft Bedrock Elevation Contour

100ft Bedrock Elevation Contour

— Highway



Tioga County Line

 Adjacent County

Feet-amsl

350 - 400
400 - 450
450 - 500
500 - 600
600 - 700
700 - 800
800 - 900
900 - 1,000
1,000 - 1,100
1,100 - 1,200
1,200 - 1,300
1,300 - 1,400
1,400 - 1,500
1,500 - 1,600
1,600 - 1,700
1,700 - 1,800
1,800 - 1,900
1,900 - 2,000

manually refined through a multi-step quality control process to resolve any interpolation errors. The finalized contours were converted into a 1-meter raster, using the “Topo to Raster” tool, that represents county-wide bedrock topography.

The New York State Museum – Geological Survey has developed a detailed Bedrock Topography Map for Tioga County. This map represents a compilation of various surficial and subsurface bedrock data sources, analytical methods, and quality control procedures. The resulting bedrock elevations reveal a range of distinct geological features including a variety of Paleozoic bedrock erosional profiles, and evidence of past glaciation. These characteristics are likely the result of a variety of functions including bedrock stratigraphy, structural deformation, and erosional processes such as past glaciation and fluvial geomorphology. This map is significant for applications in geological research, engineering, natural resource management, and environmental studies. Continued research and work on subsurface geology will provide additional data and insight and enhance the geologic framework of bedrock geology throughout New York State.

